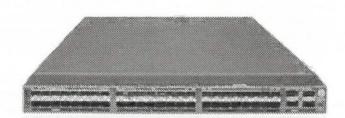
EXHIBIT 64B

Data sheet

HP 5900 Switch Series





Key features

- Cut-through with ultra-low latency and wire speed
- HP IRF for virtualization and two-tier architecture
- High 1/10GbE ToR port density with 40GbE uplinks
- IPv6 support in ToR with full L2/L3 features
- · Convergence-ready with DCB, FCoE, and TRILL

Product overview

The HP 5900 Switch Series is a family of high-density, ultra-low-latency, top-of-rack (ToR) switches. It is part of the HP FlexNetwork architecture's HP FlexFabric solution.

Ideally suited for deployment at the server access layer of large enterprise data centers, the 5900 switch series is also powerful enough for deployment at the data center core layer of medium-sized enterprises. With the increase in virtualized applications and server-to-server traffic, customers now require a ToR switch, like the HP 5900, with innovations that will meet their needs for higher-performance server connectivity, convergence of Ethernet and storage traffic, the capability to handle virtual environments, and ultra-low latency, all in a single device.



Features and benefits

Quality of Service (QoS)

Powerful DoS features

- Flexible classification

creates traffic classes based on access control lists (ACLs), IEEE 802.1p precedence, IP, and DSCP or type of service (ToS) precedence; supports filter, redirect, mirror, remark, and logging

- Feature support

provides support for strict priority queuing (SP), weighted fair aueuing (WFO), weighted deficit round robin (WDRR), SP+WDRR together, configurable buffers, explicit congestion notification (ECN), and weighted random early detection (WRED)

Data center optimized

· Flexible high port density

the 5900 switch series enables you to scale your server edge with 1GbE and 10GbE ToR deployments to new heights with high-density 48-port solutions delivered in a 1RU design; the high server port density is backed by 40GbE QSFP+ uplinks to deliver availability of needed bandwidth for demanding applications; each 40GbE QSFP+ port can also be configured as 4 x 10GbE ports using a 40G-to-10GbE splitter cable

· High-performance switching

cut-through and nonblocking architecture delivers industry-leading low latency (~1 microsecond for 10GbE) for very demanding enterprise applications; the switch delivers high-performance switching capacity and wirespeed packet forwarding

Higher scalability

HP Intelligent Resilient Framework (IRF) technology simplifies the architecture of server access networks to reduce cost and overall complexity; up to four HP 5900 switches can be combined to deliver unmatched scalability of virtualized access layer switches and flatter, two-tier networks using IRF

Advanced modular operating system

Comware v7 software's modular design and multiple processes bring native high stability, independent process monitoring, and restart; the OS also allows individual software modules to be upgraded for higher availability, and supports enhanced serviceability functions like hitless software upgrades with single-chassis ISSU (In Services Software Upgrade)

TRILL and EVB/VEPA

Transparent Interconnection of Lots of Links (TRILL) is supported to increase the scale of enterprise data centers; EVB/VEPA provides connectivity into the virtual environment for a data center-ready environment

· Reversible airflow

enhanced for data center hot-cold aisle deployment with reversible airflow-for either front-to-back or back-to-front airflow

Redundant fans and power supplies

1+1 internal redundant and hot-pluggable power supplies and dual fan trays enhance reliability and availability

Lower OPEX and greener data center provide reversible airflow and advanced chassis power

management

Data Center Bridging (DCB) protocol

supports IEEE 802.1Qbb Priority Flow Control (PFC), Data Center Bridging Exchange (DCBX), and IEEE 802.1Qaz Enhanced Transmission Selection (ETS) for converged applications

FCoE support

support for FCoE includes expansion, fabric, trunk VF, and N ports, and aggregation of E-port, N-port virtualization; fabric services such as name server, registered state change notification, and login services; per-VSAN fabric services, FSPF, soft and hard zoning, Fibre Channel traceroute, ping, debugging, and FIP snooping

Jumbo frames

with frame sizes of up to 10,000 bytes on Gigabit Ethernet and 10-Gigabit ports, high-performance remote backup and disaster-recovery services can be enabled

Manageability

· Full-featured console

provides complete control of the switch with a familiar CLI

Troubleshooting

- Ingress and egress port monitoring enable network problem solving

- Traceroute and ping

enable testing of network connectivity

Multiple configuration files

allow multiple configuration files to be stored to a flash image

sFlow (RFC 3176)

wire-speed traffic accounting and monitoring

SNMP v1, v2c, and v3

facilitate centralized discovery, monitoring, and secure management of networking devices

Out-of-band interface

isolates management traffic from user data plane traffic for complete isolation and total reachability, no matter what happens in the data plane

· Remote configuration and management

is available through a secure command-line interface (CLI) over Telnet and SSH; role-based access control (RBAC) provides multiple levels of access; configuration rollback and multiple configurations on the flash provide ease of operation; remote visibility is provided with sFlow and SNMP v1/v2/v3, and is fully supported in HP Intelligent Management Center (IMC)

ISSU and hot patching

provides hitless software upgrades with single-unit In Services Software Upgrade (ISSU) and hitless patching of modular OS

Autoconfiguration

provides automatic configuration via DHCP autoconfiguration

Network Time Protocol (NTP) and Secure Network Time Protocol (SNTP)

synchronize timekeeping among distributed time servers and clients; keep consistent timekeeping among all clock-dependent devices within the network so the devices can provide diverse applications based on the consistent time

Resiliency and high availability

Intelligent Resilient Framework (IRF)

HP IRF technology enables HP FlexFabric to deliver resilient, scalable, and secure data center networks for physical and virtualized environments; up to four 5900 switches can be grouped together in an IRF configuration, which allows them to be configured and managed as a single switch with a single IP address; this simplifies ToR deployment and management, reducing data center deployment and operating expenses

- IEEE 802.1w Rapid Convergence Spanning Tree Protocol increases network uptime through faster recovery from failed links
- IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree
 provides high link availability in multiple VLAN environments by
 allowing multiple spanning trees
- Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP)
 allows groups of two routers to dynamically back each other up to
 create highly available routed environments

Hitless patch upgrades

allow patches and new service features to be installed without restarting the equipment, increasing network uptime and facilitating maintenance

- Ultrafast protocol convergence (< 50 ms) with standard-based failure detection—Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD) enables link connectivity monitoring and reduces network convergence time for RIP, OSPF, BGP, IS-IS, VRRP, MPLS, and IRF
- Device Link Detection Protocol (DLDP)
 monitors link connectivity and shuts down ports at both ends if
 unidirectional traffic is detected, preventing loops in STP-based
 networks

Graceful restart

allows routers to indicate to others their capability to maintain routing table during a temporary shutdown and significantly reduces convergence times upon recovery; supports OSPF, BGP, and IS-IS

Layer 2 switching

MAC-based VLAN

provides granular control and security; uses RADIUS to map a MAC address/user to specific VLANs

Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)

supports static, dynamic, and reverse ARP and ARP proxy

Flow control

IEEE 802.3x flow control provides intelligent congestion management via PAUSE frames

· Ethernet link aggregation

IEEE 802.3ad link aggregation of up to 128 groups of 16 ports; support for Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP), LACP Local Forwarding First, and LACP short-time provide a fast, resilient environment that is ideal for the data center

Spanning Tree Protocol (STP)

STP (IEEE 802.1D), Rapid STP (RSTP, IEEE 802.1w), and Multiple STP (MSTP, IEEE 802.1s)

VLAN support

provides support for 4,096 VLANs based on port, MAC address, IPv4 subnet, protocol, and quest VLAN; supports VLAN mapping

IGMP support

provides support for IGMP snooping, fast-leave, and group-policy; IPv6 IGMP snooping provides Layer 2 optimization of multicast traffic

DHCP support at Layer 2

provides full DHCP Snooping support for DHCP Snooping Option 82, DHCP Relay Option 82, DHCP Snooping Trust, and DHCP Snooping Item Backup

Layer 3 services

Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)

determines the MAC address of another IP host in the same subnet; supports static ARPs; gratuitous ARP allows detection of duplicate IP addresses; proxy ARP allows normal ARP operation between subnets or when subnets are separated by a Layer 2 network

Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP)

simplifies the management of large IP networks and supports client and server; DHCP Relay enables DHCP operation across subnets

Operations, administration, and maintenance (OAM) support
provides support for Connectivity Fault Management (IEEE 802.1AG)
and Ethernet in the First Mile (IEEE 802.3AH); provides additional
monitoring that can be used for fast fault detection and recovery

Layer 3 routing

- Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) and VRRP Extended allow quick failover of router ports
- Policy-based routing

makes routing decisions based on policies set by the network administrator

Equal-Cost Multipath (ECMP)

enables multiple equal-cost links in a routing environment to increase link redundancy and scale bandwidth

Layer 3 IPv4 routing

provides routing of IPv4 at media speed; supports static routes, RIP and RIPv2, OSPF, BGP, and IS-IS

Open Shortest Path First (OSPF)

Interior Gateway Protocol (IGP) uses link-state protocol for faster convergence; supports ECMP, NSSA, and MD5 authentication for increased security and graceful restart for faster failure recovery

Border Gateway Protocol 4 (BGP-4)

Exterior Gateway Protocol (EGP) with path vector protocol uses TCP for enhanced reliability for the route discovery process, reduces bandwidth consumption by advertising only incremental updates, and supports extensive policies for increased flexibility, as well as scales to very large networks

Intermediate system to intermediate system (IS-IS)

Interior Gateway Protocol (IGP) uses path vector protocol, which is defined by the ISO organization for IS-IS routing and extended by IETF RFC 1195 to operate in both TCP/IP and the OSI reference model (Integrated IS-IS)

Static IPv6 routing

provides simple, manually configured IPv6 routing

Dual IP stack

maintains separate stacks for IPv4 and IPv6 to ease the transition from an IPv4-only network to an IPv6-only network design

Routing Information Protocol next generation (RIPng) extends RIPv2 to support IPv6 addressing

OSPFv3

provides OSPF support for IPv6

. RGP-

extends BGP-4 to support Multiprotocol BGP (MBGP), including support for IPv6 addressing

. IS-IS for IPv6

extends IS-IS to support IPv6 addressing

IPv6 tunneling

is an important element for the transition from IPv4 to IPv6; allows IPv6 packets to traverse IPv4-only networks by encapsulating the IPv6 packet into a standard IPv4 packet; supports manually configured, 6to4, and Intra-Site Automatic Tunnel Addressing Protocol (ISATAP) tunnels

Policy routing

allows custom filters for increased performance and security; supports ACLs, IP prefix, AS paths, community lists, and aggregate policies

Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD)

enables link connectivity monitoring and reduces network convergence time for RIP, OSPF, BGP, IS-IS, VRRP, MPLS, and IRF

Multicast Routing PIM Dense and Sparse modes

provides robust support of multicast protocols

Layer 3 IPv6 routing

provides routing of IPv6 at media speed; supports static routing, RIPng, OSPFv3, BGP4+ for IPv6, and IS-ISv6

Additional information

· Green IT and power

use the latest advances in silicon development, shut off unused ports, and use variable-speed fans to improve energy efficiency

Low power consumption

is rated to have one of the lowest power usages in the industry by Miercom independent tests

Management

USB support

- File copy

allows users to copy switch files to and from a USB flash drive

Multiple configuration files

can be stored to the flash image

SNMPv1, v2c, and v3

facilitate centralized discovery, monitoring, and secure management of networking devices

Network Time Protocol (NTP)

synchronizes timekeeping among distributed time servers and clients; keeps timekeeping consistent among all clock-dependent devices within the network so that the devices can provide diverse applications based on the consistent time

Out-of-band interface

isolates management traffic from user data plane traffic for complete isolation and total reachability, no matter what happens in the data plane

Port mirroring

enables traffic on a port to be simultaneously sent to a network analyzer for monitoring

Remote configuration and management

is available through a command-line interface (CLI)

• IEEE 802.1 AB Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)

advertises and receives management information from adjacent devices on a network, facilitating easy mapping by network management applications

· sFlow (RFC 3176)

provides scalable ASIC-based wire-speed network monitoring and accounting with no impact on network performance; this allows network operators to gather a variety of sophisticated network statistics and information for capacity planning and real-time network monitoring purposes

Command authorization

leverages RADIUS to link a custom list of CLI commands to an individual network administrator's login; an audit trail documents activity

Dual flash images

provide independent primary and secondary operating system files for backup while upgrading

Command-line interface (CLI)

provides a secure, easy-to-use CLI for configuring the module via SSH or a switch console; provides direct real-time session visibility

Logging

provides local and remote logging of events via SNMP (v2c and v3) and syslog; provides log throttling and log filtering to reduce the number of log events generated

Management interface control

provides management access through a modem port and terminal interface, as well as in-band and out-of-band Ethernet ports; provides access through terminal interface, telnet, or secure shell (SSH)

Industry-standard CLI with a hierarchical structure reduces training time and expenses, and increases productivity in multivendor installations

Management security

multiple privilege levels with password protection restrict access to critical configuration commands; ACLs provide telnet and SNMP access; local and remote syslog capabilities allow logging of all access

Info center

provides a central information center for system and network information; aggregates all logs, traps, and debugging information generated by the system and maintains them in order of severity; outputs the network information to multiple channels based on user-defined rules

Network management

HP Intelligent Management Center (IMC) centrally configures, updates, monitors, and troubleshoots

· Remote Intelligent Mirroring

mirrors ingress/egress ACL-selected traffic from a switch port or VLAN to a local or remote switch port anywhere on the network

Security

. Access control lists (ACLs)

provide IP Layer 3 filtering based on source/destination IP address/subnet and source/destination TCP/UDP port number

RADIUS/TACACS+

eases switch management security administration by using a password authentication server

Secure shell

encrypts all transmitted data for secure remote CLI access over IP networks

IEEE 802.1X and RADIUS network logins

control port-based access for authentication and accountability

Port security

allows access only to specified MAC addresses, which can be learned or specified by the administrator

Convergence

LLDP-MED (Media Endpoint Discovery)

is a standard extension of LLDP that stores values for parameters such as QoS and VLAN to automatically configure network devices such as IP phones

Warranty and support

1-year warranty

with advance replacement and 10-calendar-day delivery (available in most countries)

· Electronic and telephone support

limited electronic and telephone support is available from HP; to reach our support centers, refer to www.hp.com/networkIng/contact-support; for details on the duration of support provided with your product purchase, refer to www.hp.com/networkIng/warrantysummary

Software releases

to find software for your product, refer to www.hp.com/networking/support; for details on the software releases available with your product purchase, refer to www.hp.com/networking/warrantysummary

HP 5900 Switch Series

Specifications

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	HP 5900AF-48XG-4QSFP+ Switch (JC772A)	HP 5900AF-48G-4XG-2QSFP+ Switch (JG510A)	
Parts	48 fixed 1000/10000 SFP+ ports	48 autosensing 10/100/1000 ports (IEEE 802.3 Type 10BASE-T, IEEE 802.3u Type	
	4 QSFP+40-GbE ports	100BASE-TX, IEEE 802.3ab Type 1000BASE-T}; Duple \times 10BASE-T/100BASE-TX: half or full; 1000BASE-T: full only	
	1 RJ-45 serial console port	4 fixed 1000/10000 SFP+ ports	
	1 RJ-45 out-of-band management port	2 QSFP+40-GbE ports	
	1 USB 2.0	1 RJ-45 serial console port	
		1 RJ-45 out-of-band management port	
		1 USB 2.0	
Power supplies	2 power supply slots 1 minimum power supply required (ordered separately)	2 power supply slots 1 minimum power supply required (ordered separately)	
Fan tray	2 fan tray slots The customer must order fan trays, as fan trays are not included with the switch. This system requires two same-direction airflow fan trays to function properly. The system should not be operated witho only one fan tray for more than 24 hours. The system should not be operated without a fan tray for more than two minutes. The system should not be operated outside of the temperature range of 32°F (0°C) to 113°F (45°C). Failure to comply with these operating requirements may void the product warranty.	2 fan tray slots The customer must order fan trays, as fan trays are not included with the switch. This system requires two same-direction airflow fan trays to function properly. The system should not be operated with only one fan tray for more than 24 hours. The system should not be operated without a fan tray for more than two minutes. The system should not be operated outside of the temperature range of 32°F (0°C) to 113°F (45°C) Failure to comply with these operating requirements may void the product warranty.	
Physical characteristics			
Weight	17.32(w) x 25.98(d) x 1.72(h) in (43.99 x 65.99 x 4.37 cm) 28.66 lb (13 kg), Fully loaded	17.32(w) x 18.11(d) x 1.72(h) in (43.99 x 46.0 x 4.37 cm) (1U height) 28.66 lb (13 kg), Fully loaded	
Memory and processor	200000000000000000000000000000000000000	25.0010 (15 kg), rady to dece	
	512 MB flash, 2 GB SDRAM; packet buffer size: 9 MB	512 MB flash, 2 GB SDRAM; packet buffer size: 9 MB	
Performance			
10 Gbps Latency	< 1.5 μs (64-byte packets)	< 1.5 μs (64-byte packets)	
Throughput	952 million pps	250 million pps (64-byte packets)	
Routing/Switching capacity	1280 Gbps	336 Gbps	
Routing table size	16000 entries (IPv4), 8000 entries (IPv6)	16000 entries (IPv4), 8000 entries (IPv6)	
MAC address table size	128000 entries	128000 entries	
Environment			
Operating temperature	32°F to 113°F (0°C to 45°C)	32°F to 113°F (0°C to 45°C)	
Operating relative humidity	10% to 90%, noncondensing	10% to 90%, noncondensing	
Acoustic	Low-speed fan: 65.7 dB, High-speed fan: 70.6 dB	Low-speed fan: 65.7 dB, High-speed fan: 70.6 dB	
Electrical characteristics			
Frequency	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz	
Maximum heat dissipation	887 BTU/hr (935.79 kJ/hr)	887 BTU/hr (935.79 kJ/hr)	
Voltage	100-240 VAC	100-240 VAC	
DC voltage	-36 to -72 VDC	-36 to -72 VDC	
Maximum power rating	260 W	260 W	
Idle power	200 W	200 W	
Notes	Idle power Is the actual power consumption of the device with no ports connected. Maximum power rating and maximum heat dissipation are the worst-case theoretical maximum numbers provided for planning the infrastructure with fully loaded PoE (if equipped), 100% traffic, all ports plugged in, and all modules populated.	Idle power is the actual power consumption of the device with no ports connected. Maximum power rating and maximum heat dissipation are the worst-case theoretical maximum numbers provided for planning the infrastructure with fully loaded PoE (if equipped), 100% traffic, all ports plugged in, and all modules populated.	
Safety	UL 60950-1; EN 60825-1 Safety of Laser Products-Part 1; EN 60825-2 Safety of Laser Products-Part 2; IEC 60950-1; CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1; Anatel; ULAR; GOST; EN 60950-1/A11; FDA 21 CFR Subchapter J; NOM; ROHS Compliance	UL 60950-1; EN 60825-1 Safety of Laser Products-Part 1; EN 60825-2 Safety of Laser Products-Part 2; IEC60950-1; CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1; Anatel; ULAR; GOST; EN 60950-1/A11; FDA 21 CFR Subchapter J; NOM; ROHS Compliance	
Emissions	VCCI Class A; EN 55022 Class A; ICES-003 Class A; ANSI C63.4 2003; AS/NZS CISPR 22 Class A; EN 61000-3-2:2006; EN 61000-3-3:1995 +A1:2001+A2:2005; EMC Directive 2004/108/EC; FCC (CFR 47, Part 15) Class A	VCCI Class A; EN 55022 Class A; ICES-003 Class A; ANSI C63.4 2003; AS/NZS CISPR 22 Class A; EN 61000-3-2:2006; EN 61000-3-3:1995 +A1:2001+A2:2005; EMC Directive 2004/108/EC; FCC (CFR 47, Part 15) Class A	
Immunity			
Generic	ETSI EN 300 386 V1.3.3	ETSI EN 300 386 V1.3.3	
EN	EN 55024:1998+ A1:2001 + A2:2003	EN 55024:1998+ A1:2001 + A2:2003	
ESD	EN 61000-4-2; IEC 61000-4-2	EN 61000-4-2; IEC 61000-4-2	
Radiated	EN 61000-4-3; IEC 61000-4-3	EN 61000-4-3; IEC 61000-4-3	

HP 5900 Switch Series

Specifications (continued)

	HP 5900AF-48XG-4QSFP+ Switch (JC77ZA)	HP 5900AF-48G-4XG-2QSFP+ Switch (JG510A) EN 61000-4-4; IEC 61000-4-4	
EFT/Burst	EN 61000-4-4; IEC 61000-4-4		
Surge	EN 61000-4-5; IEC 61000-4-5	EN 61000-4-5; IEC 61000-4-5	
Conducted	EN 61000-4-6; IEC 61000-4-6	EN 61000-4-6; IEC 61000-4-6	
Power frequency magnetic field	IEC 61000-4-8; EN 61000-4-8		
Voltage dips and interruptions	EN 61000-4-11; IEC 61000-4-11	EN 61000-4-11; IEC 61000-4-11	
Harmonics	EN 61000-3-2, IEC 61000-3-2	EN 61000-3-2, IEC 61000-3-2	
Flicker	EN 61000-3-3, IEC 61000-3-3	EN 61000-3-3, IEC 61000-3-3	
M anagement	IMC - Intelligent Management Center; command-line Interface; out-of-band management; SNMP Manager; Telnet; FTP	IMC – Intelligent Management Center; command-line interface; out-of-band management; SNMP Manager; Telnet; FTP	
Notes	The customer must order a power supply, as the device does not come with one. At least one JC680A or JC681A is required.	The customer must order a power supply, as the device does not come with one. At least one JC680A or JC681A is required.	
Services	Refer to the HP website at www.hp.com/networking/services for details on the service-level descriptions and product numbers. For details about services and response times in your area, please contact your local HP sales office.	Refer to the HP website at www.hp.com/networking/services for details on the service-level descriptions and product numbers. For details about services and response times in your area, please contact your local HP sales office.	

HP 5900 Switch Series

Specifications (continued)

Standards and protocols	HP 5900AF-48XG-4QSFP+ Switch (JC772A)	HP 5900AF-48G-4XG-2QSFP+ Switch (JG510A)	
	BGP	RFC 1253 (OSPF v2)	RFC 2572 SNMP-MPD MIB
(applies to all products in series)	RFC 1163 Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	RFC 1531 Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol	RFC 2573 SNMP-Notification MIB
(applies to all produces in series)	RFC 1771 BGPv4	RFC 1533 DHCP Options and BOOTP Vendor Extensions	RFC 2573 SNMP-Target MIB
	RFC 1997 BGP Communities Attribute	RFC 1534 DHCP/BOOTP Interoperation	RFC 2574 SNMP USM MIB
			RFC 2737 Entity MIB (Version 2)
	RFC 2918 Route Refresh Capability	RFC 1541 DHCP	
	RFC 3392 Capabilities Advertisement with BGP-4	RFC 1591 DNS (client only)	RFC 3414 SNMP-User based-SM MIB
	RFC 4271 A Border Gateway Protocol 4 (BGP-4)	RFC 1624 Incremental Internet Checksum	RFC 3415 SNMP-View based-ACM MIB
	RFC 4360 BGP Extended Communities Attribute	RFC 1723 RIP v2	LLDP-EXT-DOT1-MIB
	RFC 4456 BGP Route Reflection: An Alternative to Full	RFC 1812 IPv4 Routing	LLDP-EXT-DOT3-MIB
	Mesh Internal BGP (IBGP)	RFC 2030 Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) v4	LLDP-MIB
	RFC 4760 Multiprotocol Extensions for BGP-4	RFC 2131 DHCP	
		RFC 2236 IGMP Snooping	
		RFC 2338 VRRP	Network management
	Device management	RFC 2453 RIPv2	RFC 3164 BSD syslog Protocol
		RFC 2581 TCP Congestion Control	M C 5104 B 50 5 y 510 g 1 To Co Co I
	RFC 1157 SNMPv1/v2c		
	RFC 1305 NTPv3	RFC 2644 Directed Broadcast Control	ospe
	RFC 1591 DNS (client)	RFC 2767 Dual Stacks IPv4 & IPv6	OSPF
	RFC 1902 (SNMPv2)	RFC 3046 DHCP Relay Agent Information Option	RFC 1587 OSPF NSSA
	RFC 1908 (SNMP v1/2 Coexistence)	RFC 3768 Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP)	RFC 2328 OSPFv2
	RFC 2573 (SNMPv3 Applications)	RFC 4250 The Secure Shell (SSH) Protocol Assigned	RFC 3101 OSPF NSSA
	RFC 2576 (Coexistence between SNMP V1, V2, V3)	Numbers	RFC 3137 OSPF Stub Router Advertisement
	Multiple Configuration Files	RFC 4251 The Secure Shell (SSH) Protocol Architecture	RFC 3623 Graceful OSPF Restart
	Multiple Software Images	RFC 4252 The Secure Shell (SSH) Authentication	RFC 4577 OSPF as the Provider/Customer Edge Protoco
	SSHv1/SSHv2 Secure Shell	Protocol	for BGP/MPLS IP Virtual Private Networks (VPNs)
			RFC 4811 OSPF Out-of-Band LSDB Resynchronization
	TACACS/TACACS+	RFC 4253 The Secure Shell (SSH) Transport Layer	
		Protocol	RFC 4812 OSPF Restart Signaling
		RFC 4254 The Secure Shell (SSH) Connection Protocol	RFC 4813 OSPF Link-Local Signaling
	General protocols	RFC 4364 BGP/MPLS IP Virtual Private Networks (VPNs)	
	IEEE 802.1D MAC Bridges	RFC 4419 Diffie-Hellman Group Exchange for the Secure	
	IEEE 802.1p Priority	Shell (SSH) Transport Layer Protocol	QoS/CoS
	IEEE 802.1Q VLANs	RFC 4594 Configuration Guidelines for DiffServ Service	IEEE 802.1P (CoS)
	IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Trees	Classes	RFC 2475 DiffServ Architecture
	IEEE 802.1 w Rapid Reconfiguration of Spanning Tree	RFC 4941 Privacy Extensions for Stateless Address	RFC 2597 DiffServ Assured Forwarding (AF)
	IEEE 802.3ad Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	Autoconfiguration in IPv6	RFC 3247 Supplemental Information for the New
		Addoconing dration in ir vo	Definition of the EF PHB (Expedited Forwarding Per-Hop
	IEEE 802.3ae 10-Gigabit Ethernet		
	IEEE BO2.3ag Ethernet OAM		Behavior)
	IEEE 802.3ah Ethernet in First Mile over Point to Point	IPv6	RFC 3260 New Terminology and Clarifications for
	Fiber - EFMF	RFC 2080 RIPng for IPv6	DiffServ
	IEEE 802.3x Flow Control	RFC 2460 IPv6 Specification	
	RFC 768 UDP	RFC 2461 IPv6 Neighbor Discovery	
	RFC 783 TFTP Protocol (revision 2)	RFC 2462 IPv6 Stateless Address Auto-configuration	Security
	RFC 791 IP	RFC 2463 ICMPv6	Access Control Lists (ACLs)
	RFC 792 ICMP	RFC 2464 Transmission of IPv6 over Ethernet Networks	SSHv2 Secure Shell
	RFC 793 TCP	RFC 2473 Generic Packet Tunneling in IPv6	
	RFC 826 ARP	RFC 2545 Use of MP-BGP-4 for IPv6	
	RFC 854 TELNET	RFC 2563 ICMPv6	
	RFC 856 TELNET	RFC 2711 IPv6 Router Alert Option	
	RFC 868 Time Protocol	RFC 2740 OSPFv3 for IPv6	
	RFC 896 Congestion Control in IP/TCP Internetworks	RFC 2767 Dual stacks IPv46 & IPv6	
	RFC 950 Internet Standard Subnetting Procedure	RFC 3315 DHCPv6 (client and relay)	
	RFC 1027 Proxy ARP	RFC 4291 IP Version 6 Addressing Architecture	
	RFC 1058 RIPv1	RFC 4862 IPv6 Stateless Address Auto-configuration	
	RFC 1091 Telnet Terminal-Type Option	RFC 5095 Deprecation of Type 0 Routing Headers in IPv6	
	RFC 1141 Incremental updating of the Internet	c 2022 Deprecation of Type o nothing neaders in it to	
	checksum	NID-	
	RFC 1142 OSI IS-IS Intra-domain Routing Protocol	MIBs	
	RFC 1191 Path MTU discovery	RFC 1213 MIB II	
	RFC 1213 Management Information Base for Network Management of TCP/IP-based internets	RFC 1907 SNMPv2 MIB	
		RFC 2571 SNMP Framework MIB	

HP 5900 Switch Series accessories

Transceivers

HP X120 1G SFP LC LH40 1550nm Transceiver (JD062A)

HP X120 1G SFP LC BX 10-U Transceiver (JD098B)

HP X120 1G SFP LC BX 10-D Transceiver (JD099B)

HP X120 1G SFP LC LX Transceiver (JD119B)

HP X120 1G SFP RJ45 T Transceiver (JD089B)

HP X120 1G SFP LC SX Transceiver (JD118B)

HP X125 1G SFP LC LH40 1310nm Transceiver (JD061A)

HP X125 1G SFP LC LH70 Transceiver (JD063B)

HP X130 10G SFP+ LC SR Transceiver (JD092B)

HP X130 10G SFP+ LC LRM Transceiver (JD093B)

HP X130 10G SFP+ LC LR Transceiver (JD094B)

HP X130 10G SFP+ LC ER 40km Transceiver (JG234A)

HP X140 40G QSFP+ MPO SR4 Transceiver (JG325A)

HP X240 10G SFP+ to SFP+ 0.65m Direct Attach Copper Cable (JD095C)

HP X240 10G SFP+ to SFP+ 1.2m Direct Attach Copper Cable (JD096C)

HP X240 10G SFP+ to SFP+ 3m Direct Attach Copper Cable (JD097C)

HP X240 10G SFP+ to SFP+ 5m Direct Attach Copper Cable (JG081C)

HP X240 40G QSFP+ to QSFP+ 1m Direct Attach Copper Cable (JG326A)

HP X240 40G QSFP+ to QSFP+ 3m Direct Attach Copper Cable (JG327A)

HP X240 40G QSFP+ to QSFP+ 5m Direct Attach Copper Cable (JG328A)

HP X240 40G QSFP+ to 4x10G SFP+ 1m Direct Attach Copper Splitter Cable (JG329A)

HP X240 40G QSFP+ to 4x10G SFP+ 3m Direct Attach Copper Splitter Cable (JG330A)

HP X240 40G QSFP+ to 4x10G SFP+ 5m Direct Attach Copper Splitter Cable (JG331A)

HP X240 10G SFP+ SFP+ 7m Direct Attach Copper Cable (JC784C)

Power Supply

HP 58x0AF 650W AC Power Supply (JC680A) HP 58x0AF 650W DC Power Supply (JC681A)

Fan Tray

HP 58x0AF Back (power side) to Front (port side) Airflow Fan Tray (JC682A)
HP 58x0AF Front (port side) to Back (power side) Airflow Fan Tray (JC683A)

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